IN THE CLAIMS:

Kindly delete claims 7-8 without prejudice and amend claims 6 and 9 as follows:

- 1. (Cancelled)
- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Withdrawn) An isolated protein encoded for by the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 5. (Withdrawn) An isolated protein of claim 4 having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 6. (Currently amended) A method for detecting the susceptibility to basement membrane disease, or the presence of existing basement membrane disease comprising the steps of providing a nucleic acid sample containing the NPHS1 gene or, fragments thereof, from an individual; and detecting a mutation in a nephrin said gene, or some fragment thereof, wherein an individual susceptible to or have the basement membrane disease have at least one mutation in said gene.
 - 7. (Cancelled)
 - 8. (Cancelled)
- 9. (Currently amended) A method as in claim 6, wherein said basement membrane disease is specifically congenital nephritic syndromes of the Finnish type.
 - 10. (Cancelled)

- 11. (Withdrawn) A method for treating an individual with basement membrane disease comprising administering an effective therapeutic amount of a protein of claim 4.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A method for treating an individual with basement membrane disease comprising administering an effective therapeutic amount of nucleic acid constructs containing an expressible nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 13. (Withdrawn) A polyclonal antiserum containing antibodies specific for nephrin protein produced by immunizing an animal with a sufficient amount of the protein of claim 5 to stimulate an immune response.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A monoclonal antibody specific for nephrin produced by immunizing a rodent with a sufficient amount of the protein of claim 5 to stimulate an immune response.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A chimeric antibody comprising the variable domains of the antibody of claim 14 functionally attached to human antibody constant domains.
- 16. (Withdrawn) A kit for screening individuals for susceptibility to basement membrane disease, or the present of basement membrane disease, containing at least one antibody specific for nephrin.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a small molecule therapeutic for the treatment of proteinuria associated with kidney disease comprising screening candidate molecules for specific binding to the nephrin protein.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 17 wherein said specific binding effects a change in nephrin protein bioactivity.

Please add the following new claims 19-54:

- 19. (New) A method for diagnosing the presence of a basement membrane disease in an individual, comprising detecting the presence of a mutation in exon 2 or exon 26 of the NPHS1 gene, wherein the mutation in at least one of the exons results in a premature stop codon in the exon.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 19, wherein the NPHS1 gene comprises SEQ ID. NO: 1.
- 21. (New) The method of claim 19, wherein the mutation in exon 2 comprises a two base pair deletion.
- 22. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein the NPHS1 gene is amplified prior to detecting the presence of the mutation in exon 2.
- 23. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein the amplification is by PCR and the primers used for amplification specifically amplify the exon 2 region of the NPHS1 gene.
- 24. (New) The method of claim 23, wherein the primers used for amplification comprise DNA sequences comprising SEQ ID NO: 3 or SEQ ID NO: 4.
- 25. (New) The method of claim 19, wherein the mutation in exon 26 comprises a single base change.
- 26. (New) The mutation of claim 25, wherein the single base pair change results in the nonsense mutation CGA >TGA.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 25, wherein the NPHS1 gene is amplified prior to detecting the presence of the mutation in exon 26.
- 28. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein the amplification is by PCR and the primers used for amplification specifically amplify the exon 26 region of the NPHS1 gene.
- 29. (New) The method of claim 28, wherein the primers used for amplification comprise DNA sequences comprising SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 6.

- 30. (New) The method of claim 29, wherein a novel restriction site is detected in the amplified product.
- 31. (New) The method of claim 30, wherein the novel restriction site is susceptible to digestion with Ddel.
- 32. (New) A method of determining whether an individual is at risk for developing a congenital nephritic syndrome NPHS1, comprising analyzing a nucleic acid sample containing the NPHS1 gene, wherein the method comprises analyzing the exon 2 or exon 26 region of the NPHS1 gene, wherein individuals at risk for developing NPHS1 have at least one a mutation in either or both one or more of the exons.
- 33. (New) The method of claim 32, wherein the NPHS1 gene comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 34. (New) The method of claim 32, wherein the mutation in exon 2 comprises a two base pair detection deletion.
- 35. (New) The method of claim 34, wherein the NPHS1 gene is amplified prior to detecting the presence of the mutation in exon 2.
- 36. (New) The method of claim 35, wherein the amplification is by PCR and the primers used for amplification specifically amplify the exon 2 region of the NPHS1 gene.
- 37. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the primers used for amplification comprise DNA sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 3 and or SEQ ID NO: 4.
- 38. (New) The method of claim 32, wherein the mutation in exon 26 comprises a single base pair change.

- 39. (New) The mutation of claim 38, wherein the single base pair change results in the nonsense mutation CGA >TGA.
- 40. (New) The method of claim 39, wherein the NPHS1 gene (SEQ ID NO: 1) is amplified prior to detecting the presence of the mutation in exon 26.
- 41. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein the amplification is by PCR and the primers used for amplification specifically amplify the exon 26 region of the NPHS1 gene.
- 42. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the primers used for amplification comprise DNA sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 43. (New) The method of claim 42, wherein a novel restriction site is detected in the amplified product.
- 44. (New) The method of claim 43, wherein the novel restriction site is susceptible to digestion with Ddel.
- 45. (New) A method for determining that an individual is not at risk for developing congenital nephritic syndrome of the Finnish Type NPHS1, wherein the NPHS1 is associated with a mutation in exon 2 or exon 26 of the NPHS1 gene, comprising analyzing a nucleic acid sample containing the NPHS1 gene, wherein the method comprises analyzing the exon 2 or exon 26 region of the NPHS1 gene, wherein the individual not at risk for developing NPHS1 does not have a mutation in exon 2 or exon 26.
- 46. (New) The method of claim 45, wherein the NPHS1 gene comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 47. (New) The method of claim 45, wherein the NPHS1 gene is amplified prior to analysis.

- 48. (New) The method of claim 47, wherein the amplification is PCR amplification using primers comprising a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 3; SEQ ID NO: 4; SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 49. (New) A method for detecting the presence or absence of a mutation in the NPHS1 gene, comprising the steps of:

analyzing a nucleic acid test sample containing the NPHS1 gene for at least one mutation in exon 2 or exon 26 of the gene;

comparing the results of the analysis of the test sample of step a) with the results of the analysis of a control sample, wherein the control sample comprises a NPHS1 gene without a mutation in exon 2 or exon 26; and

determining the presence or absence of at least one mutation in exon 2 or exon 26 in the test sample.

- 50. (new) The method of claim 49, wherein the NPHS1 gene comprises SEQ ID. NO: 1.
- 51. (new) The method of claim 49, wherein the mutation in exon 2 is a two base pair deletion and the mutation in exon 26 is a single base pair change, wherein either mutation results in a premature stop codon in the exon.
- 52. (new) The method of claim 49, wherein the NPHS1 gene is amplified prior to analysis.
- 53. (new) The method of claim 52, wherein the amplification is PCR amplification using primers comprising a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 3; SEQ ID NO: 4; SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 54. (new) A primer comprising a nucleic acid sequence comprising SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4; SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 6.